Incremental Speech Synthesis: What is it good for?

- conventional speech synthesis systems are optimized for non-interactive reading tasks
  - full utterances are required as input
  - no changes / extensions / adaptation to ongoing utterance is allowed
  - ill-suited for highly-dynamic environments

- incremental speech synthesis allows:
  - to start delivery before the whole utterance has been generated and processed
  - to change delivery while it is ongoing
  - with very low latency, and only little loss in synthesis quality

Demo: Switching Utterance Branches

- a tree of different utterance outcomes can be pre-compiled
  - very low latency for highly-interactive environments
  - good prosodic quality as future of the utterance is taken into account
  - branches can also be added on-the-fly
  - Demo: click to select utterance branches

Demo: Online Prosodic Adaptation

- HMM synthesis separates duration, pitch and cepstral properties
  - simple to manipulate pitch and tempo
  - immediately before vocoding (just-in-time principle)
  - Demo: sliders to change tempo and pitch

  - (resulting parameter sequence is not optimal w.r.t. original HMM state sequence – but this does not have practical implications)
  - a more principled approach (future work):
    - determine HMM state sequence incrementally
    - compute duration/f0 incrementally from structured representation

Demo: Integration with iNLG

- the full iSS component has been integrated with an incremental NLG component that reacts to a noisy channel
  - upon noise: stop after current word, restart phrase after noise ends
  - rated significantly more natural than two baselines (ignore, stop/continue)

  - prosodic quality similar to non-incremental system with just one phrase of lookahead
  - details: Baumann and Schlangen (Interspeech 2012)

How can I use it?

- **INPRO_iSS** is a component of **INPROTK**:
  - output to speakers, RTP, and other audio streams
  - flexible framework for incremental processing

- clean interface, based on the IU framework:
  - add sub-utterance chunks of words (or individual words)
  - add alternatives and switch between them (see left)
  - adapt words that haven’t been realized yet
  - stay informed about delivery via update-listener interface

- relies on MaryTTS for non-incremental processing, voice models, ...
  - does not support out-of-the-box Java-Webstart functionality yet

How does it work?

- uses a triangular processing scheme where data on each level are produced just-in-time and as late as possible
  - enough lookahead on higher levels to produce high-quality prosody
  - hardly any lookahead on synthesis level for high responsiveness


Further Information

This software is available as open-source in **INPROTK**, the incremental dialogue processing toolkit, at [http://inprotk.sourceforge.net](http://inprotk.sourceforge.net), Background on **INPROTK** is available at [http://www.inpro.tk](http://www.inpro.tk).

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Further references:

→ discusses in depth the approaches for incremental speech synthesis and incremental natural language generation and their combination in an adaptive, incremental speech output pipeline.

→ discusses an evaluation method suitable for incremental speech synthesis (comparing incremental with non-incremental synthesis) and presents numbers that support our claim that slightly less than one intonation phrase of lookahead is sufficient for high-quality iSS.

→ discusses features and properties of InproTK, our toolkit for incremental spoken dialogue processing.

Timo Baumann and David Schlangen (2011): "Predicting the Micro-Timing of User Input for an Incremental Spoken Dialogue System that Completes a User's Ongoing Turn", in Proceedings of SigDial 2011, Portland, USA.
→ a system that incrementally co-completes the user's ongoing speech (i.e., it says the same words as the user, at the same speed, at precisely the same time), which highlights the need for incremental speech synthesis.

→ discusses our model of incremental processing, evaluation methodology and results for incremental speech input processing.

InproTK is open-source and available at http://inprotk.sourceforge.net
More information on the Inpro project is available at http://www.inpro.tk